# **Урок № 4**

#### Тема:

# MY FAVORITE... SPECIAL QUESTIONS.

#### ПЛАН:

- 1. Актуализация знаний;
- 2. My favorite...;
- 3. Физкультминутка. Hands up, hands down;
- 4. What, when, where, who, whose, how, how many, how much, why
- 5. Orthodox vocabulary;
- 6. Домашнее задание.

#### ХОД УРОКА:

Молитва перед началом учения «Царю Небесный...».

#### 1. Актуализация знаний

Игра 1: Кто из 2-х команд назовет быстрее слова из православной лексики на буквы A – Angel (ангел); В – Bible(Библия), Bell (колокол), Bless(благословлять); С – Cross(крест), Candle(свеча), Church(церковь); D – Dove(голубь), Divine(Божественный); Е – Easter(Пасха), Egg (яйцо); F – Faith(вера), Feast(праздник). G – God (Бог), Divine Gift (Божественный Дар), Н - Holy Spirit (Святой Дух), I – Icon (Икона), Image (Образ)

**Игра 2.** Кто из 2-х команд назовет больше слов на тему Body, кроссворд.

#### 2. My Favorite

Ребята, у каждого из вас есть любимые домашний питомец, писатель, игрушка, хобби и т.д. Давайте поговорим об этом, задавая друг другу вопрос What is your favorite pet? Writer? Profession? Toy? Hobby? School subject? Animal?...

# 3. Физкультминутка. Hands up, hands down.

Hands up, Hands down, Hands on hips (на бедра), Sit down.

Hands up, to the sides (в стороны), bend(наклониться) left, bend right,

Touch(дотронуться до) your shoulders, touch your nose,

Touch your ears, touch your toes!

Hands up, Hands down, Hands on hips, turn around(повернуться кругом)!

# 4. Special questions and words what, when, where, who, whose, how, how many, how much, why

Общие вопросы предполагают ответы Да или Нет, а специальные – это вопросы к различным членам предложения, которые уточняют конкретную информацию и начитаются с вопросительных слов what – что, какой?, when – когда?, where – где, куда?, who – кто?, whose – чей?, how – как?, how many – сколько (для исчисляемых существительных)?, how much сколько (для неисчисляемых существительных)?, why – почему?

В вопросах к подлежащему сохраняется прямой порядок слов, например: Who reads books every day?

A в остальных видах вопросов — обратный порядок с использованием вспомогательных глаголов, например: What **do** you read every day? When **do** you do every day? How often **do** you read books?

- 5. Orthodox vocabulary: J Jesus Christ (Иисус Христос), K Kind King (добрый царь), Key (ключ); L Lord (Господь), Lent (Великий пост).
- 6. Домашнее задание:
- 1) **Повторить слова : Jesus Christ (Иисус Христос), К Kind King** (добрый царь), **Key** (ключ); **L Lord** (Господь), **Lent** (Великий пост).
- 2) Выучить вопросительные слова: **what** что, какой?, **when** когда?, **where** где, куда?, **who** кто?, **whose** чей? , **how** как?, **how many** сколько (для исчисляемых существительных)?, **how much** сколько (для неисчисляемых существительных)?, **why** почему?
- 3) Выполнить задание к уроку № 4:
- 4) Подготовить рассказ «My favorite toy, animal, pet, school subject, profession..."

Преподаватель: На этом наш урок заканчивается! Давайте помолимся!



# Молитва «Достойно есть...»

Приложение к уроку 1.

# Таблица 1. Личные местоимения

Singular	Plural	Singular	Plural
(before verbs, as subjects)		(after verbs, as objects	
1	We	Me	Us
You	You	You	You
He	They	Him	Them
She		Her	
It		It	

# Таблица 2. Глагол "to be"

Affirmative		Negative		Interrogative
Long form	Short for	m Long form	Short form	
I am You are He is She is It is We are You are They are	I'm You're He's She's It's We're You're They're	I am not You are not He is not She is not It is not We are not You are not They are not	I'm not You aren't He isn't She isn't It isn't We aren't You aren't They aren't	Am I? Are you? Is he? Is she? Is it? Are we? Are you? Are they?
Am I / Are you to	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	Yes, I am. Yes, he/she/it is.	No, I'm	n not. / she / it isn't.
Are we / you students?		Yes, we / you are.	No, W	they aren't.

# Таблица 3. Глагол "to have"

Affirm	native	Negative		Interrogative	
Long form	Short form	Long form	Short form		
I have got	I've got	I have not (got)	I haven't (got)	Have I got?	
You have got	You've got	You have not (got)	You haven't (got)	Have you got?	
He has got	He's got	He has not (got)	He hasn't (got)	Has he got?	
She has got	She's got	She has not (got)	She hasn't (got)	Has she got?	
It has got	It's got	It has not (got)	It hasn't (got)	Has it got?	
We have got	We've got	We have not (got)	We haven't (got)	Have we got?	
You have got	You've got	You have not (got)	You haven't (got)	Have you got?	
They have got	They've got	They have not (got)	They haven't (got)	Have they got?	

Have you got a car?	Yes, I / we have.	No, I / we haven't.
Has he / she / it got a car?	Yes, he / she / it has.	No, he / she / it hasn't.
Have they got a car?	Yes, they have.	No, they haven't.

## <u>Таблица 4. Глагол "can"</u>

Affirmative	Negative		Interrogative	
	Long form	Short form		
I can	I cannot	I can't	Can I?	
You can	You cannot	You can't	Can you?	
He can	He cannot	He can't	Can he?	
She can	She cannot	She can't	Can she?	
It can	It cannot	It can't	Can it?	
We can	We cannot	We can't	Can we?	
You can	You cannot	You can't	Can you?	
They can	They cannot	They can't	Can they?	
Can you d	rive?	Yes, I can. No, I can't.		

#### Таблица 5. Множественное число

foot - feet

cameras, chairs, snakes, parrots, doctors.

bus - buses brush - brushes box - boxes glass - glasses match - matches potato - potatoes

BUT:
radio - radios, piano - pianos, photo - photos, video - videos

Nouns ending in a consonant + y ies

Nouns ending in a vowel (a,e,i,o,u) + y ys

city - cities BUT boy - boys

tooth - teeth mouse - mice ox - oxen child - children fish - fish deer - deer sheep woman - women

man - men

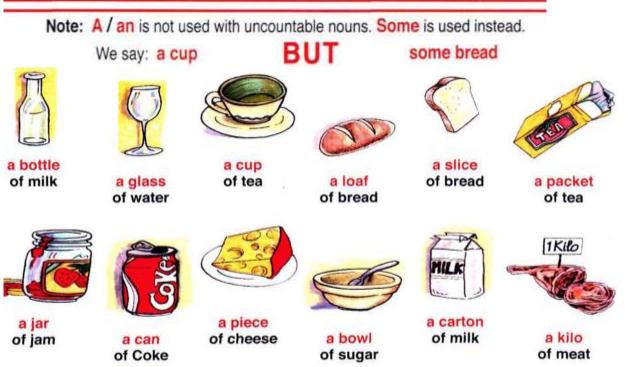
Просматривая и скачивая материалы сайта, вы соглашаетесь, что все материалы, размещенные на сайте, принадлежат компании ВОО "Ассоциация Лествица" и не подлежат копированию, тиражированию и распространению в коммерческих целях.

goose - geese

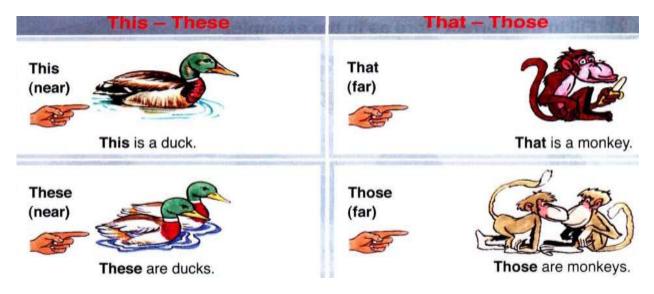


#### Таблица 6. Неисчисляемые существительные

bread	cheese	jam	milk
lemonade	tea	juice	Coca-Cola
butter	coffee	meat	sugar
money	water	wood	paper

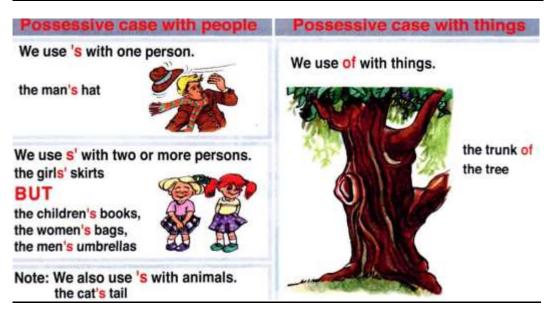


#### Таблица 7.



## Таблица 8. Притяжательные прилагательные и местоимения

Personal pronouns		Possessive	Possessive	
(Before verbs as subjects)	(After verbs as objects)	adjectives (followed by nouns)	pronouns (not followed by nouns)	
1	Me	My	Mine	
You	You	Your	Yours	
He / She / it	Him / Her / It	His / Her / Its	His / Hers / —	
We	Us	Our	Ours	
You	You	Your	Yours	
They	Them	Their	Theirs	



#### Таблица 9 There is - are

Affirmative		Negative		Interrogative	
	Long form	Short form	Long form	Short form	
singular	There is	There's	There is not	There isn't	Is there?
plural	There are		There are not	There aren't	Are there?

#### Таблица 10. A/ Some/ Anv

some + countable or	any + countable or		
uncountable noun	uncountable noun		
(in affirmative sentences)	(in questions and negative sentences)		
There are <b>some</b> tomatoes. There is <b>some</b> bread.	Are there any oranges? Is there any milk? No, there isn't any milk.		

#### Таблица 11. Present Continuous

Affirmative		Negative Negative		Interrogative
Long form	Short form	Long form.	Short form	6 count
I am working	I'm working	I am not working	I'm not working	Am I working?
You are working	You're working	You are not working	You aren't working	Are you working?
He is working	He's working	He is not working	He isn't working	Is he working?
She is working	She's working	She is not working	She isn't working	Is she working?
It is working	It's working	It is not working	It isn't working	Is it working?
We are working	We're working	We are not working	We aren't working	Are we working?
You are working	You're working	You are not working	You aren't working	Are you working?
They are working	They're working	They are not working	They aren't working	Are they working?
and the same of	me Express	sions with Pres	ent Continuou	IS
now		at the moment		at present

# Приложение 3

